OGOO O WORD

PANO. 1971 of 1881 to 1881 to 1881 - TEP OF THE

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Leading hat cleaners. Prices mod- Classes now open Thursdays, Fridays erate. We sell the latest styles in Panama and Felts. Work called for and delivered. Blaisdell Building. 5895-6m

BICYCLE SUPPLIES.

S. Komeya, wholesale and retail Johnson and Olson, dressmakers, Elite King street near Punchbowl street. 5042-tf

EICYCLES AND SUPPLIES.

We have just received a splendid new supply of PREMIER Bleycles from nd; also supplies. H. Yoshaga 1218 Emms near Beretania

BARBER SHOP.

F. C. Stone opens his new barber op under Masonic Temple, Alaand Hotel sts., August 1st. ices 25 cents all around. 5920-tf

BUY AND SELL. ds. watches and jewelry bought

CAFE.

and exchanged. J. Carlo, Fort.

Cafe, everything the best a mpt service; fine home cooking; mpt service; Beretania, nr. Fort opp fire station. K. Nakano, Pr 8745-tf

Cafe, coolest place in town show drop in. Open day Bijou theater, Hotel St.

ola Lunch Room; quick service

agle," Bethel bet. Hotel and A nice place to est; fine poking. Open night and day.

The Hofbrau; just opened. Hotel st Bethel. Meals at all hours.

meals for price in town.

Roffman," Hotel St., next the Best meals for price in ben all day and all night.

cans Cafe Substantial meals

to Alakas cor Merchant St. First-class livery turnouts at reason

NTRACTOR AND BUILDER. Yamada, general contractor diding. Telephone 2157.

co. Co., Sanko bldg., Nuuanu and rard. Tel. 3151. Contracts for ork, cleans vacant lots. k5327-ti

bayashi, general contractor, 2034 King. Phone 3356. Reasonable k5327-tf

CARD CASES.

ess and visiting cards, engraved or printed, in attractive Russia leather cases, patent detachable cards. Star-Bulletin office. 5540-ti

CLOTHES CLEANED.

B. C. cleaning, repairing; satisfac n guaranteed; call and deliver nakea near Paushi. Tel. 4148.

ve your work to Pioneer Cleaners Beretania, cor. Alakea, Promp 5912-1m

T. Hayashi; clothes cleaned, press Tel 2278. Beretania, cor, Pukoi, 5913-1m

clothes cleaning. The

CLEANING AND DYEING.

lother Cleaning and Dyelne . Call and deliver. Tel. 3149. to, Beretania, ur. Alapai St

an actor who recently was "taken he on the stage by a cinemato-ph was greatly pleased with the ult. Talking of it to a prominent ic critic, he said: "It was the attraordinary experience I ever through—actually to see myself "Now." replied the critic, all understand what we have to

WITCH A TOO O 字 lon- Alphillothix (Flore V-WO-W

DANCING SCHOOL TANGO.

and Saturdays, 1 to 3 and 7:30 to 9:30 p. m. at the large and small halls, National Guard Armory. For further information call or phone A. E. Clarke, 1186 Alakea, phone 4276. Associate to Prof. L. A. Hepburn, instructor. 5907-1m

DRESSMAKING.

building, Beretania, near Bishop sts. 5910-1m

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

bion Employment Office, Tel. 1420. All kinds of help. G. Hiraoka, Proprietor, 1210 Emma, cor. Beretania. 5909-3m

Nakanishi, 64 Beretania nr. Smith street, for good cooks, yard boys. Phone 4511; residence phone 4511. 5246-tf

panese cooks, waiters, yard boys. Matsumoto, 1124 Union. Tel. 1756. 5070-tf

GLEE CLUB.

Kaai Glee Club, 51 Young Bldg. Tel 3687, furnishes music any occasion. K0381-tf

HAWAII'S MUSIC.

Ernest K. Kaal, 51 Young Bldg., Tel 3687, teaches vocal and instrumen't'l 5752-tf

HAT CLEANERS.

Leave your dirty bat at the Roya Cleaners, Beretania, nr. Alapai Phone 3149.

T. Sato, cleaned, dyed and blocked; call and deliver: Kamanuwai lane, near Beretania st. Telephone 3723. 5910-1m

JEWELER. McCandless, Alakea, near King. Sun Wo, Gold and Silversmith; ma terial and work guarante d. If not satisfactory money will be refunded. 1121 Maunaken, nr. Hotel street.

5531-tf

LIVERY STABLE.

able rates. Territory Livery Stable 348 King, nr. Punchbowl. Tel. 2535.

MACHINE SHOP.

Have your repair work done by experts. Kellog's Machine Shop, uth, near King.

PAINTER.

Shiraki, 1202 Nuuanu; Tel. 4137; Painting and paperhanging. All the bank. work guaranteed. Bids submitted

PRINTING.

We do not boast of low prices which sually coincide with poor quality but we "know how" to put life hustle and go into printed matter, and that is what talks loudest and longest. Henolulu Star-Bulletin Job Printing Department, Alakea Street; Branch Office, Merchant street 5399-tf

SHIRTS AND PAJAMAS.

YAMATOYA. 1250 Fort Luirts pajamas, kimonos 5752-tf

SHIRTMAKERS.

Wh in you want a shirt have one made to measure by Akagi, 1218 Nuuanu.

SHIRTMAKER.

B. Yamatoya, shirts, pajamas, kimonos to order; Nuuanu near Pauahi 5533-tf SHIRTMAKER,

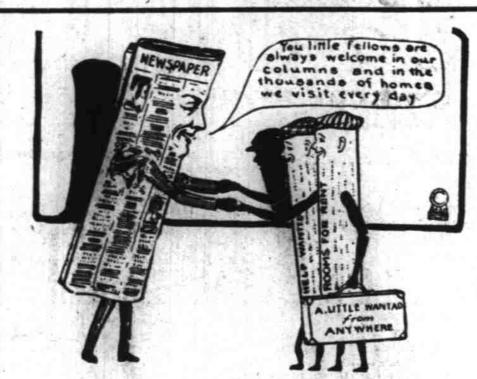
5918-3m

Have your shirts made to order. G.

Awana, 348 S. King street.

SHOEMAKER. Shoes repaired, soles nailed on. Bethel, near King street,

5918-1m



Welcome, Little Want Ads

In but few lines of business are the little bits of business so much appreciated as in the newspaper business

No matter how small your WANT ad may be, or how insignificant it may seem to you the Star-Bulletin considers it important and will give the same careful attention to your two-line WANT AD that is given the two-page ad of the large advertiser.

We want your little WANTS. To give you perfect service the Star-Bulletin has installed a perfect telephone system, handled by skilled ad phone operators enabling everybody having a phone to call the Star-Bulletin and order their WANTS in Honolulu's great-

WATER A DO ho Star-Halletin's Classified AL THE PLAN

TAILORS

Shinzaki, Merchant Tallor; up-todate fashions. Work guaranteed. Beretania Ave. corner Maunakea St. 5705-1y

Army & Navy, Merchant Tailors; upto-date establishment; cleaning and repairing. 163 King cor Bishop st. 5748-tf

UMBRELLA MAKER.

k. Mizuta. Umbrellas made and repaired. 1284 Fort, near Kukui, Telephone 3745. 5553-tf

VULCANIZING.

Auto, Motorcycle and Bicycle Tires vulcanized. Taisho Vulcanizing Co., 180 Merchant, near Alakea Street. Telephone 3197. S. Saiki, manager. 5618-tf

SURGEON CHIROPODIST.

Dr. R. E. Merrill, McInerny's Shoe Store, Fort above King. Private room for ladies. Charges reason 5918-tf

THREW CANADIAN OFFICER FROM AMERICAN VESSEL

[By Latest Mail]

BANGOR, Maine.-A Canadian chief of police was thrown, it is aleged, from the steamer Cadillac, an American vessel, to a canal bank at St. Catherines, Ont., when he board-5921-1m ed the ship to serve a summons on Capt. Sullivan. Sullivan contended that no British police officer had the right to board an American vessel, and, according to the complainant, ordered two of his officers and the crew to deposit the chief of police on

Capt. Sullivan was later arrested by two police officers from Port Dalhousie and held in \$4,000 ball.

Michael Michelson of Bridgeport, at work on a pile driver at Derby, had a fall and was taken to the hospital sup- W. L. Eaton, collector on commission posedly with a broken back and right! Telephone 1842.

he Star-Billetin's Classified コルテルコアーティング

Mrs. Carolina Fernandez, Union si Madeira embroidery luncheon sets baby caps and dresses. Specialty of initial and hemstitching. Reasonable

MODISTE.

Evening gowns, lingerie dresses. k5341-tf

MILLINERY.

For latest creations in millinery, The 5920-1m

Jas. T. Taylor, 511 Stangenwald bldg consulting civil & hydraulic engin'r

MUSIC LESSONS.

Private lessons on Violin, Mandolin Guitar, English Banjo and Ukulele by a teacher of many years' experience, Address P.O. Box 311. Tel. 4179 5650-tf

west K. Kaai 51 Young Bldg. Tel 3687, guitar, ukulele, mandolin, ban- ter, car builder. \$225; fire department jo, zither, violin, celle and vocal, privates. \$100; traveling engineer, 35381-tf

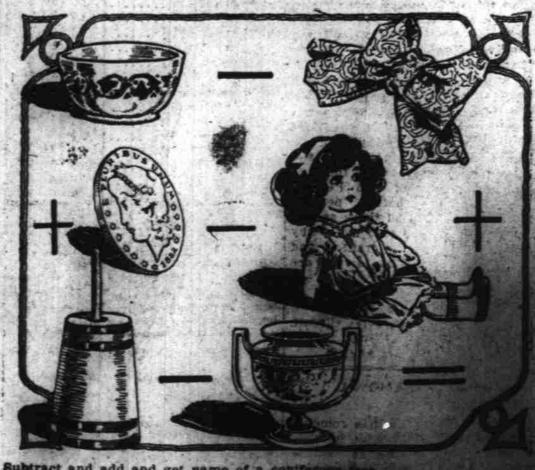
sical instruments. street.

Violin and piano taught by expert. 831 N. King st.

The Healani Glee Club furnishes mu sic for all occasions; terms reasonable. John Camacho, manager; phone 5136.

COLLECTOR.

5891-tf



Subtract and add and get name of a conferous tre ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUBLIS

TOTAL STEEL STEEL

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

MADEIRA EMBROIDERY. k5322-tf

Miss Nellie Johnson, 1119 Union S

Fuji Hat Co., Nuuanu, cor. Pauahi

HYDRAULIC ENGINEER.

\$225; master mechanic, \$225 to \$275; physicians, \$150 to \$300; district quar-\$60 to \$175; storekeepers, \$60 to \$225; superintendents, \$175 to \$583.33; supervisors, \$200 to \$250; teachers, \$60 to \$110; tralamaster, \$200 to \$275;

Bergstrom Music Co. Music and mu-1020-1021 Fort 5277-tf

GLEE CLUB.

CHAPTER XIV.

skilled labor,

workers was not worked out Chief Engineer Stevens in 1905 turned his attention to this problem as one upon the proper solution of which would depend satisfactory conditions of living for the canal workers. By April, 1907, when he resigned. the present commissary and hotel systems, as well as the system of housing the employees, which challenge the admiration of the tourist, had been created, and all that was left to Colonel Goethals to do lu this phase of the task was to enlarge the systems as the organization expanded.

swery. Twies and Frenchestien products and a wide enriety of a Caronena manufactures make

merchandise in stock, a great department store, which in the fiscal year 1912 did a business amounting to st. 702,353,68

General headquarters are at Cristobal, on the Atlantic side. The stenmships of the Panama Railroad line every week replenish the food supplies with sensonable offerings from the American markets. The scope of the operations includes a laundry, bakery, ice cream plant, ice factory, cold storage, coffee roasting plant and laboratory

The Americans

In Panama

Story of the Panama Canal

From Start to Finish

By WILLIAM R. SCOTT

Published by the Statler Publish-

Copyright, 1912 and 1913, by William

R. Beott.

Any employee on a monthly salary

basis may take eighty-one days off at

full pay in every year. He has a va-

cation of forty-two days on pay, a sick

leave of thirty days on pay and nine

holldays on pay, a total of eighty-one

days that the government voluntarily

deprives itself of the employee's serv-

ices. The sick leave, too, is pretty

generally used up by the employees,

who have little trouble in persuading a

district physician they need a rest at

Taboga sanitarium or Ancon hospital.

invested some of its millions in a way

no private contractor could follow, ex-

bank. handling hearly \$3.000,000

maximum in 1010-11-12.

monthly silver rate of \$75.

Gold employees, which includes all

the Americans, are paid from a mini-

mum of \$75 monthly to a maximum of

Colonel Goethals, as chairman and

chief engineer and president of the

Panama rallroad company, receives

of the commission. \$14,000 annually;

clerks, from \$75 to \$250 monthly;

\$000; forenien, \$75 to \$275; inspectors,

\$75 to \$250; marine musters, \$140 to

termasters, \$150 to \$225; hotel steward

yardmaster, \$100 to \$210; nurses, \$60

to \$150; policemen, \$80 to \$107.50; mas-

\$250; accountants, \$175 to \$250; must-

cal director, \$166.67; mates, \$100 to

The canal was estimated to cost

\$375,000,000. Out of that amount the

part which had gone into wages and

salaries to June 30, 1913, was approxi-

mately \$135,000,000. By the time the

canal is finished and opened for per-

manent use, in 1914, this item will

reach the startling total of \$150,000.

000. From 20 to 25 per cent of it has

gone into saluries of officers and super-

visory employees and from 75 to 80

per cent into wages to skilled and un-

\$175; postmasters, \$50 to \$137.50.

passage.

New York city.

ing company, 601 Fifth avenue,

for making extracts. The year 1911 is typical of the scale on which the commissary has been operated since 1906. Importations of

principal commodities were as follows: Hardware 86,769.56 603, 490, 18 Dry goods Boots and shoes 164 188 59 Cold storage supplies..... 1.573.202.97 Purniture 9,030.48 187,590,96 Tobacco Raw materials Paper, stationery, etc..... 54,579.06

\$4,267,792.06 These importations do not represent the total transactions of the commissary for that year, as the stock on hand and bought on the isthmus ran the volume of business to \$5,754,955.69.

Of this amount the commission paid \$1,025,348.77 for supplies used in the botels, messes, kitchens and elsewhere. and \$3,000,358.01 represents the amount ed. The West Indians consume more of the total which was puid by em- I than 100 tons of rice monthly, the Italployees using coupon books. Nineteen It is apparent that the government has stores were operated in as many settlements and towns, and the average monthly business was \$479,579.00.

cept into bankruptcy. If an employee does not take his vacation one year he No cush sales are made at the comcan accumulate it for the nest year and so get eighty-four days at full pay. and his trip to the United States will cost him only \$20 or \$30 a one way face value from 1 cent to 25 cents. for the third meal and in the two they Pay days until Oct. 1, 1907, were clerks to cover each purchase. At the their needs. Three meals a day at 30 semimonthly. Since then monthly pay end of each month the value of the cents each would cost \$27 a month. days have been the custom. The discoupon books is deducted from the em. Two means a day, or sixty for the bursement office at Empire is a great ployee's sulary.

handled by the commissary in the month. Payments for wages have inyear being reviewed were as follows: creased from \$000,000 monthly in 1905 to nearly \$2,000,000 a month as a Eggs, (322,080) dozen; butter, 429,207 pounds; ment, 9,241,858 pounds; poultry: 354.628 pounds; milk and cream. Silver employees or common laborers earn 5, 7, 10, 13, 16, 20 and 25 cents an 86.460 gallons; coffee, 320,491 pounds; hour, with a few exceptions at 32 and Bour, fit.638 barrels; Ire. 33.267 tons; 44 cents an hour, and a maximum ice cream, 110,208 gallons.

One central laundry is operated for the white or gold employees. In 1911 there were 7.200 patrons and 3.581,923 pleces were laundered. l'atrous de-\$000 monthly, not including in this classification heads of departments posit their bundles at the branch commissaries in the respective towns, and they are collected for shipment over the railroad to Cristobal. By this centralization of work the cost is from 30 \$21,000 annually; the other members to 50 per cent lower than for similar work in American cities. Cleaning and pressing are done for both and women's clothes at low rates.

draftsmen, \$100 to \$250; engineers, assistant, special and designing, \$225 to Early in 1965 the commission adver-tised free quarters to both marries and bachelor employees as a special Inducement to come to the canal 26 Thus in addition to high pay the ployees have no house or room rent to pay. This alone constitutes a sharp increase in an employee's income over what he could earn in the L'alted States for similar work, but this is not

all he receives gratis.

the commission grants to each married employee gratuities that cost it \$2,000 and to a bachelor employee gratuities that cost \$750. The monthly service. such as commissary, fuel and distilled water deliveries, removal of garbage, etc., to a married employee costs \$12 and janitor service and other service to a bachelor employee cost \$2.25 monthly, in six years an average force of 5,000 employees has been entitled to these gratuities, and it is figared that the total investment by the commission in that period for all free service and gratuities runs between

It has been figured that in six years

\$10,000,000 and \$20,000,000. To a married employee the free allowance is as follows: An individual house or an apartment in a building with two or four families, a range, a Commissary - Quarters - Subsistence. double bed, two pillows, six dining URING the first year of Ameri- chairs, two kitchen chairs, one chifproblem of food and merchan-dise supply for the army of was not worked out.

bar. a refrigerator, a double dresser, a double mattress, a kitchen table, a din-tress broadswords to militia gun com-lug table, sideboard, bedroom mat and panies.

three wicker porch chairs. Married quarters were assigned in 1905 and 1906 on the basis of one square foot for each dollar of salary. with extra allowances for the wife and children. This method was abandoned. and quarters are assigned without regard to salary, except that officials receive first consideration. There are one, two and four family bouses, entirely screened on the outside. Every

and the absence of a grasping policy room and junitor service are free. In bronchitis for a long time called on a as to profits, the canal employees cus- the early days there was unpleasant rather noted doctor. After a few narily buy almost everything more crowding because of the scarcity of questions the doctor told him he had cherply than the same merchandise buildings, but only occasionally has there been congestion in late years. These buildings shelter from a dozen to sixty men and, like the married quarters, are screened on the outside. Hotels operated by the commission are the boarding places for the bach-elor employees. The wide verandas are screened, and tables here are reavian are screened, and tables here are re- mass meeting in Webster Hall, New

inside the employees may eat in their thirt sleeves. The meals cost 30 cents sact and are paid for by coupons that come fifty to the book. These books cost \$15, and the amount is deducted from the employee's salary at the end of the month, so that no cash is handled at the hotels, except from nonemployees, who must pay 50 cents for a meal,

The fare could not be duplicated in the United States for 75 cents a meal. A typical thirty cent menu includes soup, two kinds of ment, four kinds of vegetables, bot rolls or light bread, a salad, tea, coffee or cocoa, and for dessert ice cream or ple. On every table are fruit, olives, preserves, condiments, and for several years in the early stages an open bowl of quinine as a malarial antidote.

The hotels for the gold employees usually have been operated at a slight loss, while the European laborers' messes and the colored laborers' kitchens have shown a profit. At the messes for the Europeans, principally Spaniards and Italians, the cost of three meals is 40 cents, while at the kitchens where the West Indian laborers get their food cooked to take away and eat the cost is 30 cents for three meals. The food is always wholesome and plentiful, and the tastes of the various nationalities are studied to give them that to which they are accustomlans want macaroni, and the Spaniards eat vast quantities of bread.

Stewards at the hotels for the gold employees found that each man averaged only two meals a day. The saymissary. Employees are issued cou- ing to an employee by cutting out one pon books in value from \$2.50 to \$15 meal is \$9 a month. They substitute and containing coupons ranging in fruit or a sandwich from the clubhouse Enough conpons are torn out by the do eat stow away enough to satisfy menth, cost \$18. Some of the employs cut out breakfast and some so the stewards prepare food for an average of two meals per employee. The Tivoli hotel at Ancon, on the Pacific side, is the tourist botel operated by the commission, Its rates,

American plan, are \$5.50 a day and

up. There are 218 rooms and a dining room that will sent 750 persons. At Colon, on the Atlantic side, the commission operates the Washington hotel for the use of visitors to the canal zone. Still another factor that makes living in the caral zone cheaper than in the United States is the result of the climate. With a uniformly warm temperature the quality of clothes does not vary the year round-for the women. light, summery goods, largely white; for the men, duck or linen suits or light staple cloths. The saving from not having to buy new clothes with the change of seasons is impor tant, and the employees generally try to arrange their vacations so as to be

in the United States in mild weather. A bride starts out life there on a limits that means a rude joit to her when the canal is finished and she returns to the United States. Young couples who have been treading the easy path of high salary, free rent, free water, light and fuel, cheaper food, clothes and furniture, clastic class distinctions and plentiful though not efficient servants must ever look back upon their canal zone experience as the particularly bright period in their careers. The withering blasts of social competition, high cost of living and salarles from one to two-thirds lower in the United States will make the easy going, overgenerous life at l'annuia seem the "temps de luxe" in

MILITIAMEN IN THE PHILIPPINES LEARN USE OF THE BOLO

their lives.

[By Latest Mail] WASHINGTON, D. C.-Recognition of the bolo, usually associated with fierce Philippine campaigns, as a weapon for more peaceable pursuits can operations in Panama the fonier, two center tables, a manquito is reflected in a war department cir-

The bolo became part of the regular army equipment after the Spanish war. Although it was used with deadly effect by the Filipinos in warfare, it has always been the principal industrial instrument in the islands. It was used not only in cutting through the jungle, but in the harvesting of such crops as were inciuded in the primitive agriculture of

the natives. As it has proved to be such a good house or apartment has its shower all around implement, its use has bath. tubs not being used, and each been extended to the militia, since it town has a complete sewer system. is especially adapted for use in clear. Bachelors, whether men or women, ing camp sites and in pitching tents.

are treated correspondingly well. titles in which all articles are bought Quarters with two, three or four in a A man who had been troubled with

> served for the bachelor girls and for York, next Friday night to discuss the ske the men who wear couts at mealthing Colorado mine situation and government ownership of mines.